
330.44; 332.1

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3.

- 1) $x_j(0), j = 1, \dots, n,$ $n -$
- 2) $j = 1, \dots, n; i = 1, \dots, k,$ $k -$ $\|F_{ij}^*(0)\|,$
- 3) $L_h(0), h = 1, \dots, l,$ $l -$
- 4) $\|c_{hj}(0)\|, h = 1, \dots, l; j = 1, \dots, n;$
- 5) $\|c_{hj}\|, h = 1, \dots, l; j = 1, \dots, n;$
- 6) $\|b_{ij}(0)\|, i = 1, \dots, k; j = 1, \dots, n;$
- 7) $\|b_{ij}\|, i = 1, \dots, k; j = 1, \dots, n;$
- 8) $S_j(t), j = 1, \dots, n; t = 0, \dots, T,$ $T -$

:

9)

$$z_j(t), j = 1, \dots, n; t = 0, \dots, T;$$

10)

$$j(t), j = 1, \dots, n; t = 0, \dots, T.$$

1)

$$\| \dot{ij} \|,$$

2)

$$I_{ij}(t) = \int_0^{t-1} \dot{ij}(\tau) B_{ij}(t - \tau), i = 1, \dots, p; j = 1, \dots, n; t = 1, \dots, T, \quad (1)$$

$p -$

3)

$$\| \dot{ij}(\tau) \|,$$

(2)–(5).

$$K_{ij}(t_0 - 1), \dots, K_{ij}(t_0 - ij + 1) (i = 1, \dots, p; j = 1, \dots, n), \quad t_0 -$$

$$B_{ij}(t_0 - 1), \dots, B_{ij}(t_0 - ij + 1) (i = 1, \dots, p; j = 1, \dots, n).$$

$$(i = 1, \dots, p; j = 1, \dots, n). \quad B_{ij}(t_0), \dots, B_{ij}(t_0 + T + ij - 2)$$

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	I -	II -	
	637,1	0,0	637,1
	18197,6	0,0	18197,6
	5519,4	6972,7	12492,1
	6007,8	274,2	6282,0
(71396,7	22031,0	93427,7
,	10410,9	3391,7	13802,7
	13586,2	491,8	14078,0
;	13872,9	21438,5	35311,5
	627,2	3800,6	4427,8
	21541,1	24659,5	46200,5
	533,1	106,2	639,3
,	45689,2	8122,2	53811,5
;	1929,4	18159,0	20088,5
	1016,6	11233,8	12250,5
	1583,3	11582,9	13166,1
,	1973,4	2932,9	4906,3
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-	12530	11592	300	637
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	0,0	11592,4
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-	2852,0	0,0
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$$a_{ij}(t) = \frac{x_{ij}}{x_j},$$

x_{ij} - i $j, i = 3, \dots, 16, j = 1, \dots,$
16; x_j - $j, j = 1, \dots, 16.$

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(1),

$$j(t) \quad j-$$

, -
:

$$\sum_{j=0}^{j-1} j(t) B_j(t) + j(t) = I_j(t), t = 1, \dots, T; \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^{j-1} j(t) + j^- = 1; \quad (3)$$

$$\underline{f}_j(t) \quad j(t) \quad \overline{f}_j(t); \quad (4)$$

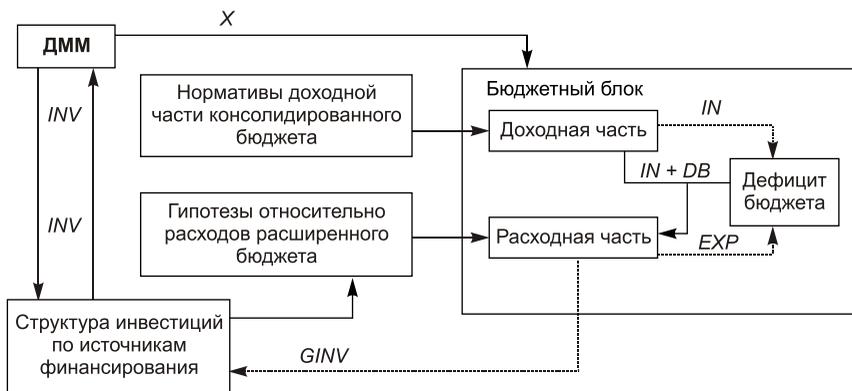
$$\sum_{t=1}^T j(t) [j(t)]^2 + j^- [j^-]^2 \quad \min, \quad (5)$$

$$\underline{f}_j(t), \overline{f}_j(t) \quad j(t), j^- \quad (t), j(t), j^-$$

(2)–(5) 5.

(2)–(5)

⁵ : Pavlov V.N., Baranov A.O. Dynamic input-output model taking account of the investment lag // Structural Change and Economic Dynamics. – 1994. – Vol. 5, No. 1. – P. 87–98.



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()，	50409,6	100,0	272,8
:	3148,7	6,3	17,0
	11367,4	22,6	61,5
	1761,0	3,5	9,5
	1776,3	3,5	9,6
	3779,7	7,5	20,5
， -	480,2	1,0	2,6
，	0,1	0,0	0,0
， -	514,8	1,0	2,8
-	133,9	0,3	0,7
	26196,9	52,0	141,8
()， -	184815,6	-	-

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, 2007. – . 29–59.

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5. . - : , 2015. – 264 .
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(630090, , . , 1, e-mail: baranov@ieie.nsc.ru).
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(670047, - , . , 8, e-mail: dzorikto@mail.ru).
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(670047, - , . , 8, e-mail: konst0506@rambler.ru).
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(195251, - , -
, 29, e-mail: victor_n_pavlov@mail.ru).
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**A.O. Baranov, Z.B.-D. Dondokov, K.P. Dyrkheev,
V.N. Pavlov, V.I. Suslov**

**THE METHODOICAL PROBLEMS IN CREATING
AN INFORMATION BASE FOR A DYNAMIC INPUT-OUTPUT
MODEL OF THE ECONOMY OF THE BURYAT REPUBLIC**

The article presents distinctive features of a dynamic input-output model of the economy of the Buryat Republic, which has an information base built for it, in comparison with similar domestic and foreign models. In determining the interindustry flows of products and some other elements of the information base, we used the 2011 Input-Output tables designed for this region, as a well as statistical data for the Buryat Republic. The paper introduces the basic elements making up the information base of the dynamic input-output model of the region's economy and describes the methods of their formation. Our research findings will be used in variant prediction calculations of Buryatia's development and for better forecasting of consolidated budget revenues.

Keywords: information base of dynamic input-output model; economy of the Buryat Republic

The publication is prepared within the framework of the project No. 16-02-00650 supported by funding from the Russian Foundation for Humanities

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Information about the authors

Baranov, Aleksandr Olegovich (Novosibirsk, Russia) – Doctor of Sciences (Economics), Professor, Head of Chair at Novosibirsk National Research State University (1, Pirogov st., Novosibirsk, 630090, Russia, e-mail: baranov@ieie.nsc.ru).

Dondokov, Zorikto Bato-Dugarovich (Ulan-Ude, Russia) – Doctor of Sciences (Economics), Chief Researcher at the Department of Regional Economic Investigations, Buryatia Scientific Center, Siberian Branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences (8, Sakhyanova st., Ulan-Ude, 670047, Russia, e-mail: dzorikto@mail.ru).

Dyrkheev, Konstantin Pavlovich (Ulan-Ude, Russia) – Candidate of Sciences (Economics), Senior Researcher at the Department of Regional Economic Investigations. Buryatia Scientific Center of the Siberian Branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences (8, Sakhyanova st., Ulan-Ude, 670047, Russia, e-mail: konst0506@rambler.ru).

Pavlov, Viktor Nikolaevich (Saint-Petersburg, Russia) – Doctor of Sciences (Engineering), Professor at the Peter the Great St. Petersburg Polytechnic University (29, Politechnicheskaya st., Saint-Petersburg, 195251, Russia, e-mail: victor_n_pavlov@mail.ru).

Suslov, Viktor Ivanovich (Novosibirsk, Russia) – Corresponding Member of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Deputy Director of the Institute of Economics and Industrial Engineering, Siberian Branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences (17, Ac. Lavrentiev av., Novosibirsk, 630090, Russia, e-mail: suslov@ieie.nsc.ru).

05.09.2016 .

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